





Your Participation

Open and close your control panel

Join audio:

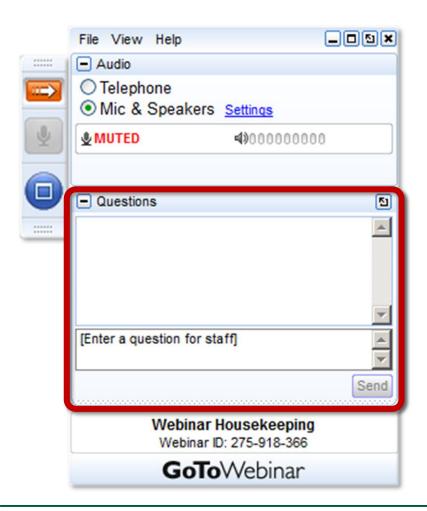
- Choose Mic & Speakers to use VoIP
- Choose **Telephone** and dial using the information provided

Submit questions and comments via the Questions panel

Note: Today's presentation is being recorded and will be provided within 48 hours.







Your Participation

 Please continue to submit your text questions and comments using the Questions panel

For more information, please contact kstarr@standleeforage.com.

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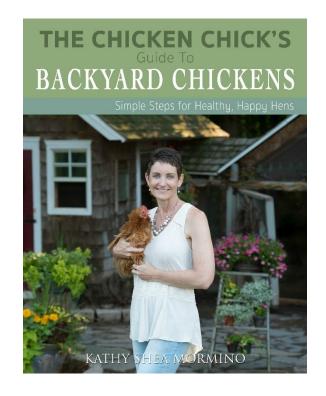


WHAT DO I NEED TO KNOW ABOUT RAISING CHICKS?





KATHY SHEA MORMINO
THE CHICKEN CHICK®



OUTLINE



- Housing
- Feeding
- Safety



Housing



CHICK BROODER



- An enclosure that serves as a home for chicks prior to moving to the coop
- Types
 - o Puppy play pen
 - o Rabbit hutch
 - Kiddie pool
 - Strong cardboard box
 - Needs covering for protection



Provide 2 square ft per chick – they grow rapidly!



BROODER LOCATION



- Draft-free
- Access to electricity
- Room with window



Happy, warm newbies do not huddle together



BROODER LITTER



 Flooring surface – safe for walking on & absorbent

Paper towels or puppy training

pads first 5-7 days

 $\circ \, \underline{Never} \, newspaper$

Types

- Flock Fresh®
- Pine shavings





FEEDING

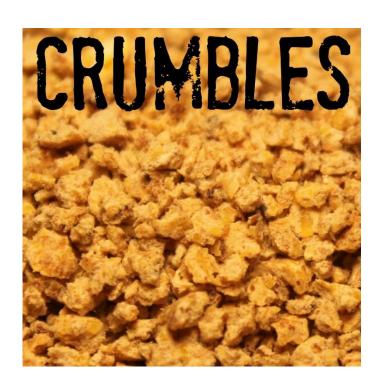




STARTER FEED



- Provide free access to starter feed at all times
- Starter feed
 - Nutritionally complete
 - Specially prepared for easy digestion without grit
 - If treats are given grit must be added
 - Feed for 18 weeks or until they start laying – whichever is first
- Medicated & Non-Medicated





MEDICATED STARTER



Contains amprolium

- Protects chicks from developing coccidiosis
- Coccidiosis common & deadly intestinal disease spread through fecal matter



Chicks given coccidiosis vaccine **should not** be fed medicated starter – as it will kill vaccine



WATER



- Provide free access to clean water at all times
- Upon arrival, gently dip each chick's beak into water to encourage drinking
- For wilted looking chicks, provide vitamins & electrolytes



WATER



- Use traditional or poultry nipple waterer
- Elevate waterer & change often
- Poultry nipple waterer eliminates contaminated water concerns





SAFETY





KEEPING CHICKS WARM



- Chicken's normal body temperature ranges between 103°F 107°F
- Brood very young chicks inside
 - At least 50°F
- Watch & listen
 - Chicks huddled together while awake are cold
 - Noisy chicks are unhappy chicks
- Safety first
 - Consider safe heat source





HEAT LAMP



- Most common
- Most dangerous
- Most expensive to power
- Heat lamp clamp can be easily knocked free
- Hanger on heat lamp can easily slip out of reflector



HEAT LAMP ALTERNATIVE



EcoGlow Brooder

- o It's more like mama hen
- No fire hazard
- Uses less electricity
- o No disruptive light
- Height can be easily adjusted for growing chicks
- o Brooder location more flexible
- Must be used in space with an ambient temperature of 50°F





KEY TAKE-AWAYS



- Provide a safe brooder location for easy observation
- Keep brooder <u>clean & dry</u>
- When purchasing 'vaccinated' chicks, know which vaccines they've received
- Consider a poultry nipple waterer to ensure clean availability of water <u>at all times</u>
- Safety first! consider a safer, radiant heat source



QUESTIONS?





WINNER!









Thank you for joining us!

For follow-up questions, please contact our customer relations:

1-800-398-0819

customerservice@standleeforage.com

Or contact Kathy on her Facebook page, The Chicken Chick®

For more past webinars, Nutritional White Papers, Standlee Forage Finder®, Standlee Feed Calculator™ or our Store Locator, visit:

standleeforage.com



us on Facebook @Standlee.Forage for more nutritional tips and some feel good animal posts!

